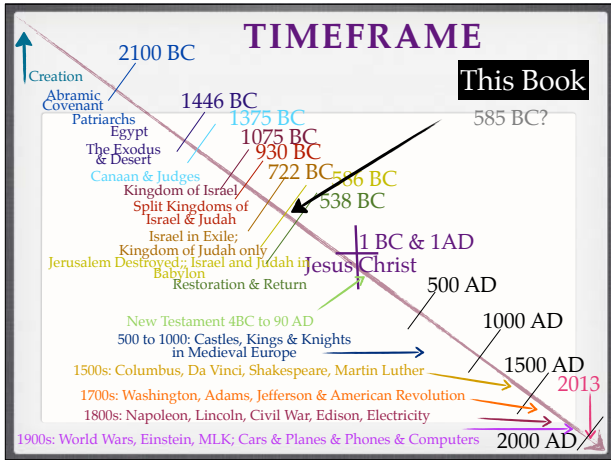




4



5

TYPE OF BOOK

- Moses' Torah / Pentateuch
- History
- Poetry & Wisdom
- Major (Long-book) Prophets
- Minor (Short-book) Prophets ✓

6

AUTHOR

7

- 1:1
- Obadiah

READERS & RECIPIENTS

8

- The people of Edom;
- The people of Israel will be restored.

STORYLINE

9

- It's a vision of coming destruction of Edom.

Major OT Themes found in this Book: 10

1. God is Love
2. God Creates
3. Israel (we) are supposed to be God's Obedient Servants
4. Israel (we) are Sinful
5. God is Angry with His People for Rejecting Him
6. God Forgives and Blesses those who Follow Him
7. Israel (we) are God's Chosen Examples
8. God Speaks through His Prophets
9. God is Always with His People
10. God is Just and Merciful
11. God Keeps His Promises
12. Israel (we) are Redeemed and Restored by the Blood of Christ
13. Israel (we) are JoGoFd
14. Israel (we) will Inherit the Kingdom of God

THEOLOGICAL CONTRIBUTION 11

- In the Abramic Covenant, God "promised to protect His special people against any who would try to do them harm...This promise is affirmed in the book of Obadiah, as God keeps faith with His people, in spite of their unworthiness and disobedience."
- CBH

SECULAR CONTRIBUTION 12

- ?

KEY VERSE

- 21
- Copy it.
- “Saviors will go up to Mount Zion to rule Mount Esau, and the kingdom shall be the Lord’s.” ESV
- Also, verses 1 and 15 might be important
- (This verse is also known as 1:21, but there’s only one chapter so we don’t write the 1:).

13

REQUIRED READING

- There’s only one chapter: 1.
- Read the one chapter, Jacob R.

14

WHEN TO TURN HERE

- I’ve been good. When will God bring blessings to me?

15



LUTHER SAYS:

- "At the end he prophesies of Christ's kingdom, that it shall not be at Jerusalem only, but everywhere."
- LSB 1473

16



MR. MARTIN SAYS:

- Edom: people who are descended from Esau, instead of Jacob--usually they are a friendly neighbor of Israel, but here, they schadenfreude.
- Shortest book of the OT.
- "You enjoy it when something bad happens to someone else."

17

LIFE LESSONS FROM OBADIAH

Obadiah:
 Here, God uses Edom as an object lesson (LSB 1477). They were arrogant and indifferent. There are times when we also are spiritually arrogant and deserve punishment. But God keeps calling us to repentance and to believe His promise of salvation. We live in a "state of sin" and simultaneously in a "state of forgiveness". Explain what this means.

18

ACTIVITIES

19

Name:

Date:

The Short-Book Prophets:

The last twelve books of the Old Testament are often referred to as the "Minor Prophets". However, "minor" is a bit of a misnomer, since "minor" refers to the fact that the books are short, and not that the books are, as is the contemporary meaning, "lesser". These books as a whole mainly discuss two themes, which will become clear as you read them. They clearly exemplify God's plan for humanity, as laid out in Genesis 1:1-3:23. We see God dealing very clearly with his people—there are clear consequences for their actions. Also, several of these books point toward the coming Messiah through the building of the temple in Jerusalem. This will be the same temple that Jesus visits in John 2:14, and the nucleus of which is torn at Jesus' death in Matthew 27:51. These brief prophets speak directly with God and often have to tell the people of His terrible judgments against them. Sometimes, they have the honor of telling of God's blessings.

The following are some key verses for each of the twelve short-booked prophets. Read the verses and try to determine the major theme of the book. Feel free to read more verses from the book if you need more help. Please use at least ten complete sentences for each. Since there is not enough space below, please answer these using your own lined paper.

Hosea: 4:1-14

Joel: 2:1-27; 3:1-16

Amos: 3:1; 9:1-10

Obadiah: 1:1-21

Josiah: 2:1-21; 11:7-12

Micah: 2:1, 12

Nahum: 1:2-6

Habakkuk: 1:1-2:6

Zechariah: 1:1-2:13; 3:1-17

Haggai: 1:1, 1:13-15

Zechariah: 8:1-13; 9:1-11

Malachi: 1:1-4:4
